



Stanford House's focus is on recovery and rehabilitation, providing service user/tangata whaiora with the opportunity to learn new skills, as well as move towards transition and independence in the community.

OUR PURPOSE

To provide a safe place where people live, learn and grow in the wider community

OUR PRIORITIES

Improve people's mental health and wellbeing

- Strengthen and build on Stanford House rehabilitation programmes
- Introduce more cultural food
- Increase service user/tangata whaiora physical activity
- Investigate regular dental care to be provided to service user/tangata whaiora by hospital dental unit
- Continue to consolidate peer support
- Continue the roll out of Releasing Time to Care modules

Reduce harm caused by alcohol and other drugs

- Strengthen links with existing alcohol and other drug providers
- Service user/tangata whaiora education

Improve integration across primary/secondary and social sector agencies

- Build on business case for the relocation of the step down facility
- Continued networking with NGOs, including Balance Whanganui

Improve service delivery

- Careerforce development of staff skills
- HCR-20 training of registered nurses in completion and use of HCR-20 form
- Re-advertise for a Pacifika Cultural Support Worker
- Alcohol and other drug reduction awareness education to staff
- Introduce in unit Narcotics Anonymous programme

Model of Care for Stanford House Extended Secure Regional Forensic Service

Model of Care	Principles of the Model of Care
<p>The model of care in Stanford House is recovery focused and strength based, aiming to support Tangata whaiora to a good, independent and fulfilled a life as possible. The model is guided by the Good Life model which provides an evidence based frame work within a forensic service.</p> <p>The overall aim is to admit service user/tangata whaiora who are under special patient status who still require a period of further rehab before being able to move on to the community by providing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ A physically safe environment ▪ An emotionally safe environment ▪ Providing access to rehabilitation focussed programmes for individual needs 	<p>Person/whānau centred care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recovery and wellbeing focussed - Holistic care and support - People are in their own care - Trauma informed care - Culturally responsive <p>Individualised Care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dependent on service user/tangata whaiora assessed psychological abilities interventions are modified to suit - Adhering where appropriate to the Te Whare Tapa Wha model - Education/learning and support further service user/tangata whaiora recovery <p>Recovery care journey</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Transitions are planned - Tailored to service user/tangata whaiora needs <p>Connected network</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Service connects to the Regional Forensic Services - Service integrates with relevant local NGO's and the Ministry of Justice <p>Adaptable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Adaptable to the needs of individuals <p>Evidenced based</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Services delivered are evidenced based - Service user/tangata whaiora care is consistent with current best evidence accepted and promising best practice in forensic services <p>Outcome focussed</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Clear goals and use of recognised outcome measures - Utilising promising practices and clinical experience to evolve pioneering practice <p>Resources</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Developing resources for our forensic service
<p style="text-align: center;">Key elements of Model of Care</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Providing a safe and supportive environment for service user/tangata whaiora and staff ▪ Implementing the Te Whare Tapa Wha model ▪ Using validated risk assessment tools in decision making ▪ Recovery based approach involving co-design which encourages active participation of service user/tangata whaiora, as far as possible within a forensic environment ▪ Service user/tangata whaiora working with the multidisciplinary team to provide individualised care ▪ Trauma informed care ▪ Utilising evidence based practice ▪ Developing korimana / trauma informed peer support ▪ Utilising community resources with the aim of ensuring full community integration ▪ Education for service user/tangata whaiora and staff ▪ Utilising recognised outcome measures such as Releasing Time to Care, Plan Do Study Act cycle, Let's Get Real 	

